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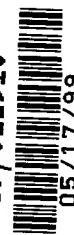
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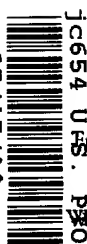
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## Box Patent Application

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, DC 20231

Presented for filing is a new original patent application of:

Applicant: WILLIAM A. ALLEN  
Title: AUDIO SIGNAL PROCESSING

Enclosed are the following papers, including those required to receive a filing date under 37 CFR §1.53(b):

	<u>Pages</u>
Specification	11
Claims	10
Abstract	1
Unsigned Declaration	1
Drawing(s)	2

Enclosures:

- Postcard.

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Respectfully submitted,

  
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Enclosures

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**APPLICATION**  
**FOR**  
**UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT**

**TITLE:** **AUDIO SIGNAL PROCESSING**

**APPLICANT:** **WILLIAM A. ALLEN**

"EXPRESS MAIL" Mailing Label Number EL266440290US

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## AUDIO SIGNAL PROCESSING

The invention relates to the processing of audio signals, and more particularly to the processing of audio signals having varying numbers of directional channels and  
5 varying equalization characteristics.

It is an important object of the invention to provide an improved system for processing audio signals by detecting certain characteristics of the audio signals and processing the signals to produce an output signal having a desirable number of channels and low frequency equalization characteristics.

10 According to the invention, a method for processing an audio signal having one or more directional input channels includes detecting the number and directional designators of the directional input channels; and processing each of the directional input channels by one of a plurality of selectable processes, the selectable process applied to each directional input channel being responsive to the detecting step  
15 according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

In an other aspect of the invention, a method for processing an audio signal having one or more directional input channels includes detecting the number and directional designators the directional input channels; and processing the directional input channels to produce an alternatively selectable number of output directional  
20 channels, the alternatively selectable number of output directional channels and the contents of the output directional channels being responsive to the detecting step according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

In another aspect of the invention, a method for processing an audio signal includes determining whether the audio signal is an analog signal or a digital signal;  
25 responsive to a determining that the signal is an analog signal, decoding the signal to produce a left channel, a right channel, a center channel, a left surround channel and a right surround channel; responsive to a determining that the audio signal is a digital

signal, detecting the number and directional designators of directional input channels in the audio signal; and processing each of the directional input channels by one of a plurality of selectable processes, the selectable process applied to each directional input channel being responsive to the detecting step according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

In another aspect of the invention, a method for processing an audio signal includes determining whether the audio signal is an analog signal or a digital signal; responsive to a determining that the signal is an analog signal, decoding the signal to produce a left channel, a right channel, a center channel, a left surround channel and a right surround channel; responsive to a determining that the audio signal is a digital signal, detecting the number and directional designators of directional input channels in the audio signal; and processing the directional input channels to produce a plurality of output directional channels, the number of output directional channels and the directional designators of the output directional channels being responsive to the detecting step according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

In another aspect of the invention, a method for processing an audio signal having one or more directional input channels includes detecting the number of surround channels in the audio signal and processing the directional input channels by one of a plurality of selectable processes to produce two stereo surround directional output channels, the selectable process applied to the directional input channels being responsive to the detecting step according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

In another aspect of the invention, a method for processing an audio signal includes determining whether the audio signal has been equalized for a large room and responsive to a determining that the audio signal has been equalized for a large room, applying a pre-selected gain below a threshold frequency.

In another aspect of the invention, an apparatus for processing an audio signal having one or more directional input channels includes an input characteristics

determiner for detecting the number and directional designators of the directional input channels; and a processor for processing each of the directional input channels, the processor being designed and constructed to process the audio signal by one of a plurality of selectable processes, the selectable process applied to each directional  
5 input channel being responsive to the input characteristics determiner according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

In another aspect of the invention, an apparatus for processing an audio signal having one or more directional input channels includes an input characteristics determiner for detecting the number and directional designators of the directional input  
10 channels and a processor for processing the directional input channels, the processor being designed and constructed to produce an alternatively selectable number of output directional channels, the number of output directional channels and the contents of the output directional channels being responsive to the input characteristics determiner according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

15 In another aspect of the invention, an apparatus for processing an audio signal includes an input characteristics determiner for determining whether the audio signal is an analog signal or a digital signal and for determining the number and directional designators of digital signals; a first processor, responsive to the input characteristics determiner for decoding the analog signals to produce a left channel, a  
20 right channel, a center channel, a left surround channel and a right surround channel; and a second processor, responsive to the input characteristics determiner, for processing each of the directional input channels of the digital signals by one of a plurality of selectable processes, the selectable process applied to each directional input channel being responsive to the input characteristics determiner according to a  
25 predetermined pattern without user intervention.

In another aspect of the invention, an apparatus for processing an audio signal includes an input characteristics determiner for determining whether the audio signal is an analog signal or a digital signal and for determining the number and directional designators of channels in the digital signals; a decoder, responsive to the input

characteristics determiner for decoding the analog signals to produce a left channel, a right channel, a center channel, a left surround channel and a right surround channel; and a processor, for processing the directional input channels in the digital signals to produce a plurality of output directional channels, the number of output directional  
5 channels and the directional designators of the output directional channels being responsive to the input characteristics determiner according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

In still an other aspect of the invention, an apparatus for processing an audio signal includes an input characteristics determiner for determining whether the audio  
10 signal has been equalized for a large room and an equalizer, responsive to the determiner, for applying a pre-selected gain below a threshold frequency.

Other features, objects, and advantages will become apparent from the following detailed description, which refers to the following drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a logical arrangement of an audio signal processing system according to the invention; and

FIG. 2 is a set of equalization curves helpful in describing the low frequency equalization aspect of the invention.

5 With reference now to the drawings and more particularly to FIG. 1, there is shown a block diagram of a system according to the invention. Audio signal source 10 and user input terminal 28 are coupled to input characteristics determiner 12, which is in turn coupled to directional channel synthesizer 14 by signal line 16 and directional channel synthesizer control line 18, and to equalizer 20 by equalizer control  
10 line 22. Directional channel synthesizer 14 is coupled to equalizer 20 by signal line 24. Equalizer 20 is coupled to output terminal 26.

In operation, input characteristics determiner 14 determines certain characteristics about the input audio signal received from audio signal source 10. Based on the characteristics of the input audio signal, and in some circumstances on  
15 input received from user input terminal 28, input characteristics determiner 12 determines, according to a predetermined formula, the processing to be performed by directional channel synthesizer 14 and the equalization to be performed by equalizer 20. The signals are then processed by directional channel synthesizer 14 and equalizer 20 and output at output terminal 26.

20 Input terminal 28 and output terminal 26 are shown diagrammatically as single lines. In a physical embodiment of the system, input terminal 26 may include multiple input terminals, for example two analog input terminals and a digital input terminal.

Input characteristics determiner 14 may include logic to determine whether the audio signal is analog or digital and the number of directional channels in the input  
25 audio signal. The logic may include detectors for detecting whether an input signal is present on a digital input terminal or one or more of the analog input terminals, and may be further modified by user settings. For example, the system may have an input selector including a setting for FM radio reception, in which case the logic determines



the audio signal is analog. If the signal is a digital signal, the logic may read information in a header in the digital signal to determine the number of directional channels.

Directional channel synthesizer 14 may include one or more of a variety of audio signal processing systems, such as Pro Logic or AC-3, available from Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation of San Francisco, California, Circle Surround available from RSP Technologies of Rochester Hills, Michigan, or systems as described in co-pending U.S. Patent Application 08/796285, or other analog or digital decoding systems which decode audio signals into multiple directional channels.

“Directional input channels” as used herein refers to audio information that is encoded in such a manner that it can be decoded and reproduced at a location relative to a listener, so that the listener perceives the sound as originating from a direction in space. Directional input channels are typically designated by a directional designator, such as “left,” “right,” “center,” “surround,” “left surround” and “right surround,” depending on the direction from which it is intended the decoded sound is perceived to come. For the purposes of this application, the number of directional input channels in an audio signal is determined by the number of input channels that are unique. Some audio signals may contain more than one directional input channel, but the information in two or more of the directional channels may not be unique, in which case the two or more directional channels are counted as one. A one-directional channel audio signal is referred to as a “monophonic” audio signal. A multi-directional channel audio signal, which has only one surround channel or which has a left surround channel and a right surround channel that are correlated and in phase, is referred to as a signal having “monophonic surround.” A multi-directional channel audio signal which has two surround channels is referred to as a signal having “stereo surround.”

“Directional output channels” as used herein are decoded input channels suitable for reproduction by a loudspeaker, typically placed relative to the listener at a position from which the sound is intended to come. So, for example, the “left output channel” contains information intended to be reproduced by a loudspeaker placed to

the left of a listener.

Some audio signals may have a portion that is spectrally limited, that is contains only frequencies in a frequency range, but which are not encoded in a manner such that it can be decoded so that the listener perceives the sound coming from a direction in space. While such portions are sometimes referred to as a bass channel, a low frequency effects channel or a low frequency equalization channel, these portions may not be “directional channels” as defined above. Such spectrally limited channels frequently contain the radiation in a frequency range from all the directional channels, so that the directional channels contain substantially only the remaining frequencies.

Some directional channel synthesizing systems may filter out a frequency band from an audio signal and use the filtered frequency band to create a directional channel.

Audio signals may be transmitted as more than one signal component, typically transmitted along separate physical paths. A typical stereophonic audio signal, for example, is transmitted as two components, designated as “left” and “right.” While these components are sometimes referred to as “channels,” they may not be “directional channels” as defined above. In a stereophonic system, each signal component does represent a directional channel, but in an analog surround encoded system, two signal components may represent three, four, or five directional channels. To avoid confusion, these components will be referred to as “signal components” in this disclosure.

If the directional channel characteristics determiner 12 determines that the signal is digital, the process performed by the directional channels synthesizer 14 is according to Table 1. For some combination of directional channels present in the audio input signal, there may be a default action performed by the directional channel synthesizer 14, and an alternative user selectable process. The user can select the alternate process by inputting a request at user input terminal 28, If no user request is input, the directional channel synthesizer performs the default action.

If the input determiner determines that the input signal is analog, the processing performed by directional channel synthesizer 14 may be dependent on user input (such

as processing discretely input specified as CD or FM, and decoding input specified as video into five directional channels) or, if combined with a system for determining the number and directional designator of directional channels encoded in the analog signals (for example, requesting the user to specify the number and directional designators of

5 the directional channels) processing the analog signals according to Table 1. In one embodiment, the directional channels synthesizer decodes all analog inputs into five directional channels.

	Directional channels Present in Audio Input Signal	Action Performed by Output Directional Channel Synthesizer	Notes
5	Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Left Surround (LS), Right Surround (RS) L, R, C	Process directional channels discretely.  Process C discretely; process L and R to provide LS and RS	
	L, R, LS, RS	Process directional channels discretely <i>or</i> Process L and R to provide C	Default  if selected by user
10	L, R, C, monophonic surround S (i.e. LS = RS)	Process L and R according to $L_{new} = L + .707S$ $R_{new} = R - .707S$ ; process $L_{new}$ and $R_{new}$ to provide LS and RS	
	L, R, S	L and R processed according to $L_{new} = L + .707S$ $R_{new} = R - .707S$ ; process $L_{new}$ and $R_{new}$ to provide LS, RS, and C	
	L, R	Process L and R to form, C, LS, and RS <i>or</i> process L (or R) to form $L_{new}$ , $R_{new}$ , C, LS, RS	Default  if selected by user (useful, for example, if input is monophonic transmitted as stereo i.e. L = R)
15	C (i.e. monophonic)	C processed to form $C_{new}$ , L, R, LS and RS	

Table 1

Input characteristics determiner 12 further includes logic which determines the equalization characteristics of the input signal by reading information in digital audio signals that are encoded to contain such information in the digital bitstream. An

20 example is the Dolby AC-3 encoding system that identifies the room type ("roomtyp" control word) the audio signal was equalized for, whether or not the digital signals are surround encoded ("dsurmod" control word).the presence or absence of a low

frequency effects (LFE ) channel (“lfeon” control word), which is a channel containing bass energy below about 120 Hz. Based on the determined characteristics, the input characteristics determiner 12 signals the equalizer 20 to apply a low frequency equalization to the audio signal.

5 Referring to FIG. 2, there is shown a set of equalization curves helpful in explaining the low frequency aspect of the equalizer 20. If there is an LFE channel, the LFE frequency range is boosted by 10 dB as indicated by curve 36. If there is no LFE channel, the input characteristics determiner 12 determines the room type and whether the audio signal is surround encoded and applies a low frequency boost  
10 according to Table 2. The low frequency boost has a 10 dB second order peak centered at 30 Hz, as indicated by curve 37. If the system has a dynamic equalizer, the equalizer acts in a supplementary fashion with the dynamic equalizer to apply a gain of 10 dB. So, for example, if the dynamic equalizer applies a gain of 10 dB or more, equalizer 20 applies no additional gain. If the dynamic equalizer applies a gain  
15 of less than 10 dB, equalizer 20 applies a gain equal to the difference between 10 dB and the gain applied by the dynamic equalizer. For reference, curve 38, which has no LFE channel, and no low frequency boost, is also shown.

	Determined Input Characteristics				User	
	Is LFE present?	Room Type	Surround Encoded?	Apply 10dB LFE boost?	Apply Low Freq. Film EQ gain?	Apply Low Freq. Film EQ gain?
5	No	Not Known	Not Known	No	No	Yes
	No	Not Known	No	No	No	Yes
	No	Not Known	Yes	No	Yes	
	No	Large	Not Known	No	Yes	
	No	Large	No	No	Yes	
10	No	Large	Yes	No	Yes	
	No	Small	Not Known	No	No	Yes
	No	Small	No	No	No	Yes
	No	Small	Yes	No	No	
	Yes	All Cases	All Cases	Yes	No	

15 Table 2

A system according to the invention is advantageous because it provides a desired number of audio directional channels with an appropriate low frequency equalization, without requiring the user to find out the characteristics of the input signal, to know the appropriate low frequency equalization for a source, or to manually set the

20 directional channel configuration or equalization curve.

Other embodiments are within the claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A method for processing an audio signal having one or more directional input channels, comprising:

5        detecting the number and directional designators of said directional input channels; and

          processing each of said directional input channels by one of a plurality of selectable processes, the selectable process applied to each directional input channel being responsive to said detecting step according to a predetermined pattern without  
10    user intervention.

2    A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 1, wherein said selectable processes include a process which includes combining said directional input channel with an other directional input channel.

3.   A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 2,  
15    wherein said process includes attenuating said other directional input channel.

4.   A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 2, wherein said selectable processes include a process which includes phase shifting said other directional input channel.

5.   A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 1,  
20    wherein said predetermined pattern includes, responsive to said detecting step detecting a monophonic surround channel, a left channel signal, and a right channel signal, a selectable process that includes processing said left channel signal to produce a modified left channel signal and processing said right channel signal to produce a modified right channel signal.

6. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 5, wherein said modified left channel signal and said modified right channel signal include a surround channel component, and where said left channel surround channel component and said right channel surround channel component are out of phase.

5        7. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 1, wherein said processing produces a number of output directional channels, said number of output directional channels and the directional designators of said output directional channels being responsive to said detecting step according to a predetermined pattern

8. A method for processing an audio signal having one or more directional  
10 input channels, comprising:

detecting the number and directional designators of said directional input channels; and

processing said directional input channels to produce an alternatively selectable number of output directional channels, said alternatively selectable number of output  
15 directional channels and the contents of said output directional channels being responsive to said detecting step according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

9. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 8, wherein said alternatively selectable numbers includes only numbers equal and greater  
20 than said number of directional input channels.

10. Method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 8 wherein said number of input channels is a number from one to five, inclusive, and where said alternatively selectable number includes four and five.



11. A method for processing an audio signal, comprising:  
determining whether said audio signal is an analog signal or a digital signal;  
responsive to a determining that said signal is an analog signal, decoding said  
signal to produce a left channel, a right channel, a center channel, a left surround  
5 channel and a right surround channel;  
responsive to a determining that said audio signal is a digital signal, detecting  
the number and directional designators of directional input channels in said audio  
signal; and  
processing each of said directional input channels by one of a plurality of  
10 selectable processes, the selectable process applied to each directional input channel  
being responsive to said detecting step according to a predetermined pattern without  
user intervention.

12 A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 11,  
wherein said selectable processes include a process which includes combining said  
15 directional input channel with an other directional input channel.

13. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 12,  
wherein said process includes attenuating said other directional input channel.

14. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 11,  
wherein said selectable processes include a process which includes phase shifting and  
20 combining with an other directional input channel.

15. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 11,  
wherein said predetermined pattern includes, responsive to said detecting step detecting  
a monophonic surround channel, a left channel signal, and a right channel signal, a  
selectable process that includes processing said left channel signal to produce a  
25 modified left channel signal and processing said right channel signal to produce a  
modified right channel signal.

16. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 15, wherein said modified left channel signal and said modified right channel signal include a surround channel component, and where said left channel surround channel component and said right channel surround channel component are out of phase.

17. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 11, wherein said processing produces a number of output directional channels, said number of output directional channels and the directional designators of said output directional channels being responsive to said detecting step according to a predetermined pattern

18. A method for processing an audio signal, comprising:  
determining whether said audio signal is an analog signal or a digital signal;  
responsive to a determining that said signal is an analog signal, decoding said signal to produce a left channel, a right channel, a center channel, a left surround channel and a right surround channel;

responsive to a determining that said audio signal is a digital signal, detecting the number and directional designators of directional input channels in said audio signal; and

processing said directional input channels to produce a plurality of output directional channels, the number of output directional channels and the directional designators of said output directional channels being responsive to said detecting step according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

19 A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 18, wherein said selectable processes include a process which includes combining said directional input channel with an other directional input channel.

20. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 19, wherein said process includes attenuating said other directional input channel.

21 A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 18, wherein said selectable processes include a process which includes phase shifting and combining with an other directional input channel.

22. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 18,  
wherein said predetermined pattern includes, responsive to said detecting step detecting  
a monophonic surround channel, a left channel signal, and a right channel signal, a  
selectable process that includes processing said left channel signal to produce a  
5 modified left channel signal and processing said right channel signal to produce a  
modified right channel signal.

23. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 22,  
wherein said modified left channel signal and said modified right channel signal  
include a surround channel component, and where said left channel surround channel  
10 component and said right channel surround channel component are out of phase.

24. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 18,  
wherein said processing produces a number of output directional channels, said number  
of output directional channels and the directional designators of said output directional  
channels being responsive to said detecting step according to a predetermined pattern

25. A method for processing an audio signal having one or more directional  
input channels, comprising:

detecting the number of surround channels in said audio signal; and  
processing said directional input channels by one of a plurality of selectable  
processes to produce two stereo surround directional channels, the selectable process  
20 applied to said directional input channels being responsive to said detecting step  
according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

26. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 25,  
wherein said number of surround channels is zero.

27. A method for processing an audio signal, comprising:  
25 determining whether said audio signal has been equalized for a large room; and  
responsive to a determining that said audio signal has been equalized for a  
large room, applying a pre-selected gain below a threshold frequency.

28. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 27,  
wherein said threshold frequency is approximately 120 Hz

29. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 27,  
wherein said pre-selected gain is approximately 10dB.

5 30. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 27,  
wherein said determining further determines if said audio signal includes a low  
frequency equalization channel; and

responsive to a determining that said audio signal includes said low frequency  
equalization channel, applying a pre-selected gain to said low frequency equalization  
10 channel.

31. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 30,  
wherein said audio signal has a directional channel, responsive to a determining that  
said audio signal has said low frequency equalization channel, applying said pre-  
selected gain to said low frequency equalization channel and not applying said pre-  
15 selected gain to said directional channel; and

responsive to a determining that said audio signal does not have said low  
frequency equalization channel, applying said pre-selected gain to said directional  
channel.

32. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 27,  
20 responsive to a determining that said audio signal has not been equalized for a large  
room, determining whether said audio signal is surround encoded, and

responsive to a determining that said audio signal is surround encoded,  
applying said pre-selected gain below said threshold frequency, and

responsive to a determining that said audio signal is not surround encoded, not  
25 applying said pre-selected gain below said threshold frequency.

33. A method for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 27, responsive to a determining that it is not known whether said audio signal has been equalized for a large room, determining whether said audio signal is surround encoded, and

5 responsive to a determining that audio signal is surround encoded, applying said pre-selected gain below said threshold frequency, and responsive to a determining that said audio signal is not surround encoded, not applying said pre-selected gain below said threshold frequency.

34. An apparatus for processing an audio signal having one or more directional  
10 input channels, comprising:

a input characteristics determiner for detecting the number and directional designators of said directional input channels; and

a processor for processing each of said directional input channels, said processor being designed and constructed to process said audio signal by one of a  
15 plurality of selectable processes, the selectable process applied to each directional input channel being responsive to said input characteristics determiner according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

35. An apparatus for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 34, wherein said processor is designed and constructed to produce a number of output  
20 directional channels, said number of output directional channels and the directional designators of said output directional channels being responsive to said input characteristics determiner according to a predetermined pattern

36. An apparatus for processing an audio signal having one or more directional input channels, comprising:

an input characteristics determiner for detecting the number and directional designators of said directional input channels; and

5 a processor for processing said directional input channels, said processor being designed and constructed to produce an alternatively selectable number of output directional channels, the number of output directional channels and the contents of said output directional channels being responsive to said input characteristics determiner according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

10 37. An apparatus for processing an audio signal, comprising:

an input characteristics determiner for determining whether said audio signal is an analog signal or a digital signal and for determining the number and directional designators of digital signals;

15 a first processor, responsive to said input characteristics determiner for decoding said analog signals to produce a left channel, a right channel, a center channel, a left surround channel and a right surround channel; and

a second processor, responsive to said input characteristics determiner, for processing each of said directional input channels of said digital signals by one of a plurality of selectable processes, the selectable process applied to each directional input  
20 channel being responsive to said input characteristics determiner according to a predetermined pattern without user intervention.

38. An apparatus for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 37,  
 wherein said processor is designed and constructed to produce an alternatively  
 selectable number of output directional channels, said number of output directional  
 channels and the directional designators of said output directional channels being  
 5 responsive to said detecting step according to a predetermined pattern

39. An apparatus for processing an audio signal, comprising:

input characteristics determiner for determining whether said audio signal is an  
 analog signal or a digital signal and for determining the number and directional  
 designators of channels in said digital signals;

10 a decoder, responsive to said input characteristics determiner for decoding  
 said analog signals to produce a left channel, a right channel, a center channel, a left  
 surround channel and a right surround channel; and

a processor, for processing said directional input channels in said digital signals  
 to produce a plurality of output directional channels, the number of output directional  
 15 channels and the directional designators of said output directional channels being  
 responsive to said input characteristics determiner according to a predetermined pattern  
 without user intervention.

40. An apparatus for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 39,  
 wherein said processor being constructed and arranged to produce a alternatively  
 20 selectable number of output directional channels, said alternatively selectable number  
 of output directional channels and the directional designators of said output directional  
 channels being responsive to said detecting step according to a predetermined pattern

41. An apparatus for processing an audio signal, comprising:

an input characteristics determiner for determining whether said audio signal  
 25 has been equalized for a large room;

an equalizer, responsive to said determiner, for applying a pre-selected gain  
 below a threshold frequency.

42. An apparatus for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 41,  
wherein said threshold frequency is approximately 120 Hz

43. An apparatus for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 41,  
wherein said pre-selected gain is approximately 10dB.

5        44. An apparatus for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 41,  
wherein said input characteristics determiner is constructed and arranged to determine  
if said audio signal includes a low frequency equalization channel

45. An apparatus for processing an audio signal in accordance with claim 41,  
wherein said input characteristics determiner is further constructed and arranged to  
10    determine whether said audio signal is surround encoded.



### Abstract of the Disclosure

A method and apparatus for processing multi-channel audio signals in which the channels are processed by one of alternatively selectable processes to produce an alternatively selectable number of output channels, the process being responsive to information contained in the input signal.

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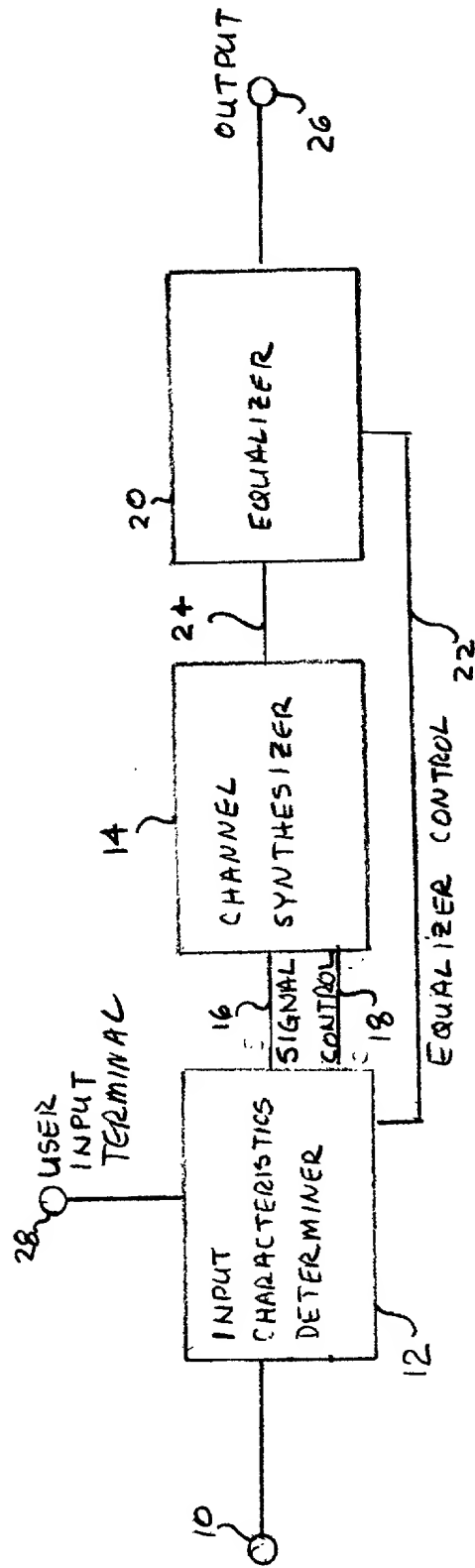


FIG. 1

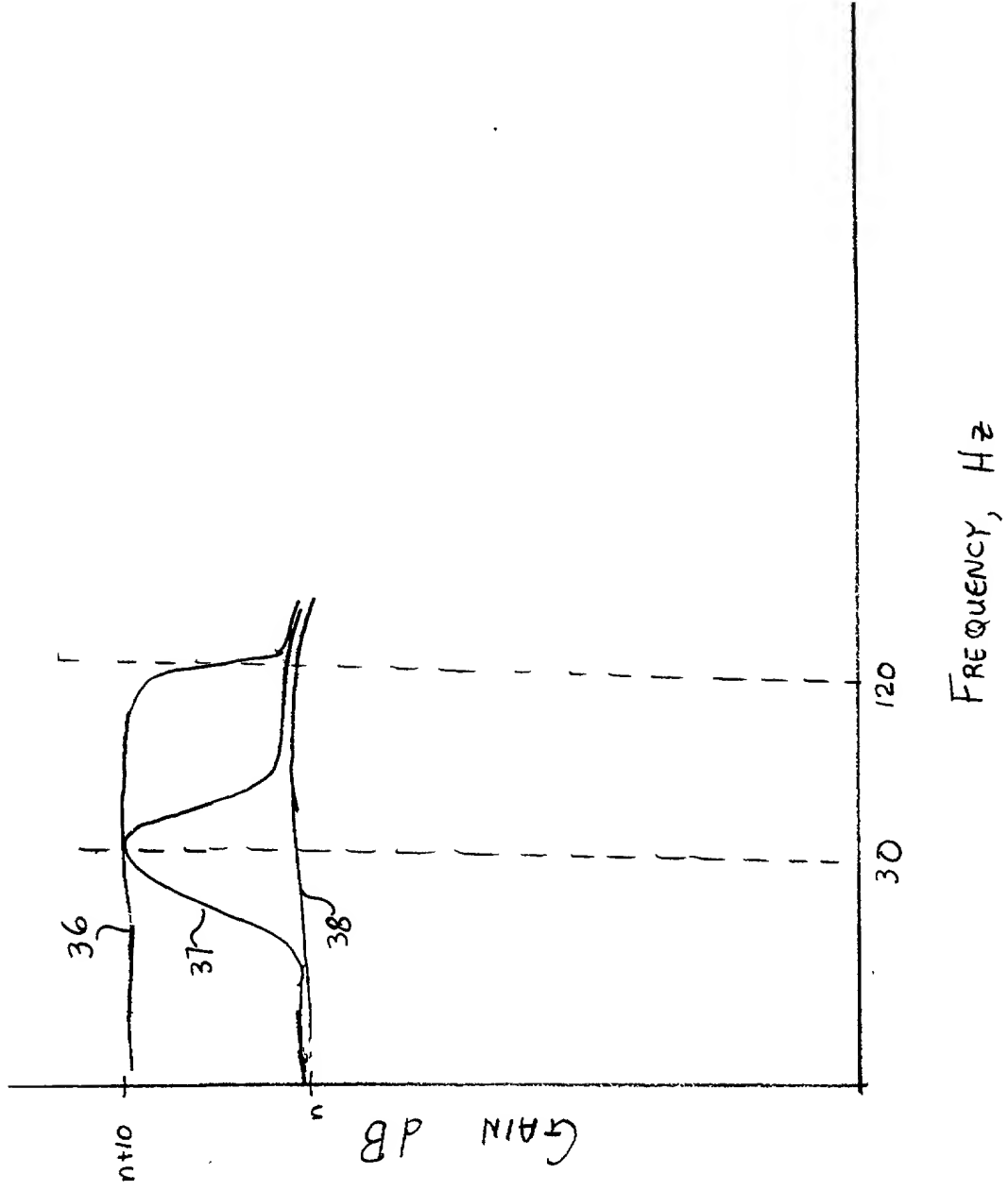


FIG. 2

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled AUDIO SIGNAL PROCESSING, the specification of which

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as Application Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_  
and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_.

☐ was described and claimed in PCT International Application No. \_\_\_\_\_  
filed on \_\_\_\_\_ and as amended under PCT Article 19 on \_\_\_\_\_.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information I know to be material to patentability in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

The following attorney will be appointed to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Charles Hieken, Reg. No. 18,411

Address all telephone calls to Charles Hieken at telephone number 617/542-5070.

Address all correspondence to Charles Hieken, Fish & Richardson P.C., 225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA 02110-2804.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patents issued thereon.

Full Name of Inventor: William A. Allen

Inventor's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

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